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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/710,631	07/26/2004	Stephen Titus		4338
21005 7590 08/24/2007 HAMILTON, BROOK, SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C. 530 VIRGINIA ROAD			EXAM	IINER
			GRAHAM, MARK S	
P.O. BOX 9133 CONCORD, MA 01742-9133		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•			3711	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/24/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Autie O	10/710,631	TITUS, STEPHEN				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Mark S. Graham	3711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a re will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' e, cause the application to become AB.	CATION. pply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 A</u>	<u>ugust 2007</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-14</u> is/are pending in the application	I					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12 and 13</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-11 and 14</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-11 and 14</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.	•				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
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Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08))/Mail Date formal Patent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8-11 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chang '333 (Chang) in view of Rambow.

Chang discloses the claimed device with the exception of the type of wood used for the core. However, as disclosed by Rambow it is known in the art to use light woods to form cue sticks. The examiner took official notice that spruce and Sitka spruce are commonly known light woods and such is now admitted prior art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used such woods to form Chang's stick as well if such were the most readily available to the ordinarily skilled artisan or if such provided a cost advantage.

Regarding the particularly claimed density absent a showing of unexpected results, the exact density of Chang's stick would obviously have been up to the ordinarily skilled artisan depending on the weight desired by the user of the stick.

In response to applicant's arguments the prior art clearly teaches using lighter woods than standard to form cue sticks. Obviously using a lighter wood than standard results in a lighter cue stick all other things being equal. Thus, an ordinarily skilled artisan desiring a lighter cue stick and with the knowledge based on Rambow that lighter woods may be used to make cue sticks would have found it advantageous to use lighter woods to make a lighter cue stick. The ordinarily skilled artisan's motivation for

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arriving at the claimed invention does not have to be the same as applicant's motivation for arriving at the invention. Again, concerning the actual density of the wood, note the examiner's above remarks. No particular unexpected results from using less than 9 grams per cubic inch have been shown.

The point of the rejection is that Rambow teaches using lighter woods than would be normal if one wishes to use a lower density material in the cue stick - the examiner has not suggested that Rambo suggests modifying the base reference with regard to the "rod and socket" system. That Rambo makes up the weight loss caused by using a lighter wood with a rod does not negate that Rambo teaches the use of lighter woods when less weight is desired. In contradiction to applicant's assertion that Rambow does not teach "lighter than standard" wood, Rambow specifically states "Another characteristic of the invention is that American woods may be used in lieu of the heavier foreign woods which are becoming scarce and costly." (Lines 85-87) Armed with such a teaching it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used various lightwoods to manufacture a cue stick depending on the weight desired in the cue stick absent a showing of unexpected results of the lightwood particularly claimed by applicant.

Applicant's arguments filed 8/6/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Claims 12 and 13 are allowed.

All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the application prior to the entry of the submission under 37 CFR 1.114 and could have been finally rejected on the

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grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the application prior to entry under 37 CFR 1.114. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action after the filing of a request for continued examination and the submission under 37 CFR 1.114. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Mark S. Graham at telephone number 571-272-4410.

MSG 8/16/07 /Mark S. Graham/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 3711